

ABOUT ROBUST RESOURCES

Robust Resources is a mineral explorer focused on gold-silver and base metals on Romang Island in Indonesia's richly endowed Banda magmatic arc. With experienced management who have a track record of major discoveries, Robust is exploring highly prospective ground previously explored by Biliton in the late 1990's. Robust holds an interest in five mineral titles totalling 25,000ha covering the entire Romang Island.

Robust also holds an interest in five tenements with a total area of 739 km² in the Lachlan Fold Belt of NSW. Four of these areas are adjacent to or on the same structural trend as major gold producers, and are underlain by rocks of similar age and lithology. The fifth tenement is a previous gold and base metal producer situated in an untested 27km² epithermal envelope.

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Ian Finch, Chairman
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SECURES STRATEGIC INVESTOR AND ACCELERATES EXPLORATION ON ROMANG ISLAND, INDONESIA

KEY POINTS

- Drilling extends Gold, Silver and Base Metal mineralisation and intersects first significant Copper mineralisation.
- Mineralised zone remains open in all directions.
- Exceptional Gold and Silver metallurgical recoveries obtained.
- Shaft construction for bulk sampling commenced.
- Third diamond rig construction complete to accelerate and extend drilling program.
- Interpretation of remodelled geophysics confirms large scale of Lakuwahi mineralisation potential.
- Raises \$2.534m via a placement of 7.24m shares at 35c per share to Talbot Group Investments.
- New Copper and Gold anomalies found at Cumnock tenement in Lachlan Fold Belt, NSW.

SAFETY and ENVIRONMENT

The Company had no lost time injuries. There were no environmental incidents during the quarter.

OPERATIONAL UPDATE

Corporate Activity

On 01 June 2009, Robust announced that **Talbot Group Investments** (Talbot) had offered to take a 15% strategic stake in the Company via the placement of 7.24 million shares at 35 cents per share to raise \$2.534 million. This investment was subsequently approved by Robust shareholders at a General Meeting held on 06 July 2009.

As a subsequent event, on 27 July 2009 Robust announced the appointment of Mr John Levings to the Company's Board as Technical Director, responsible for the exploration and development of Robust's gold, silver and base metal projects on Romang Island, Indonesia. Mr Levings will direct operations from the Company's newly established technical office in Ashgrove, Queensland.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

On 06 April 2009 the Company reported assay results received for diamond hole LWD 025, drilled in the highly prospective Batu Mas gold-silver and base metal prospect within the Lakuwahi Caldera Project on Romang Island, Indonesia. While hole LWD 025 contained similar gold and silver values to those reported from the previous 10 holes drilled at Batu Mas, it was notable for a 23m wide intercept of 4.8% combined Lead (Pb) / Zinc (Zn) from 86.7m. A higher-grade zone of 2.0m width from 92.1m contained **21.04% Pb/Zn combined, 1.51 g/t Au and 89ppm Ag**. The Company also announced the commencement of drilling at the Batu Hitam Gold prospect at Lakuwahi.

On 15 April 2009, Robust announced that it had intersected more than 50 metres of continuous gold in each of the first two diamond holes – LWD 026 and LWD 027 – drilled at the Batu Hitam prospect within the Lakuwahi Caldera Project on Romang Island, Indonesia. Hole LWD 026 intersected **51m @ 1.35 g/t Au and 25 g/t Ag (1.75 g/t Au equivalent¹)**; and LWD 027 intersected **50.3m @ 1.08 g/t Au and 65.95 g/t Ag (2.01 g/t Au equivalent)**.

On 12 May 2009, the Company advised that it had received assay results on a further diamond drill hole from the Lakuwahi prospect, with hole LWD 028 intersecting **44.2 metres @ 1.14 g/t Au and 32 g/t Ag from 3 metres**. This result continued to extend the precious mineralisation seen in previous holes LWD 026 and LWD 027 and LWD 002 drilled during exploration by Billiton in the late 1990's.

On 03 June 2009, Robust announced that it had received results from initial metallurgical testwork at the highly prospective Batu Mas and Batu Hitam prospects. Metallurgical tests on 11 composite oxide samples found **average extraction rates of 94% Gold and 95% Silver**. These exceptionally high rates affirmed that the Romang ores will likely be amenable to standard processing techniques such as CIP, CIL or heap leaching.

On 24 June 2009, Robust provided a drilling and technical update to the market, including results from an additional four diamond holes at the Batu Hitam prospect, which continued to extend the gold, silver, lead and zinc mineralisation reported from previous holes. Of particular note was the reporting of the first significant copper mineralisation from Batu Hitam, with holes LWD 030, LWD 031 and LWD 032 each reporting intersection of **1.11% Cu, 1.10% Cu and 0.95% Cu** respectively.

On 30 June 2009, Robust announced new copper and gold anomalies at the Cumnock tenement (EL 6417) near Orange in NSW, in which the Company has a joint venture with Ausmon Resources Limited. These anomalies will be followed-up via a drilling program to commence Quarter 1 FY 2010.

¹ Au equivalent = Gold Equivalent Grade = Au grade + Ag grade x (Ag price / Au price). Gold and silver prices as at 2nd April 2009 London market (Au = USD \$914.75/oz and Ag = USD \$12.88/oz)

ROMANG ISLAND, INDONESIA

Exploration Program

During the reporting period Robust Resources Limited has continued to actively explore the Romang Island Project in Eastern Indonesia. Results returned from diamond drilling substantiate the large precious and base metal resource potential for the Lakuwahi Project area.

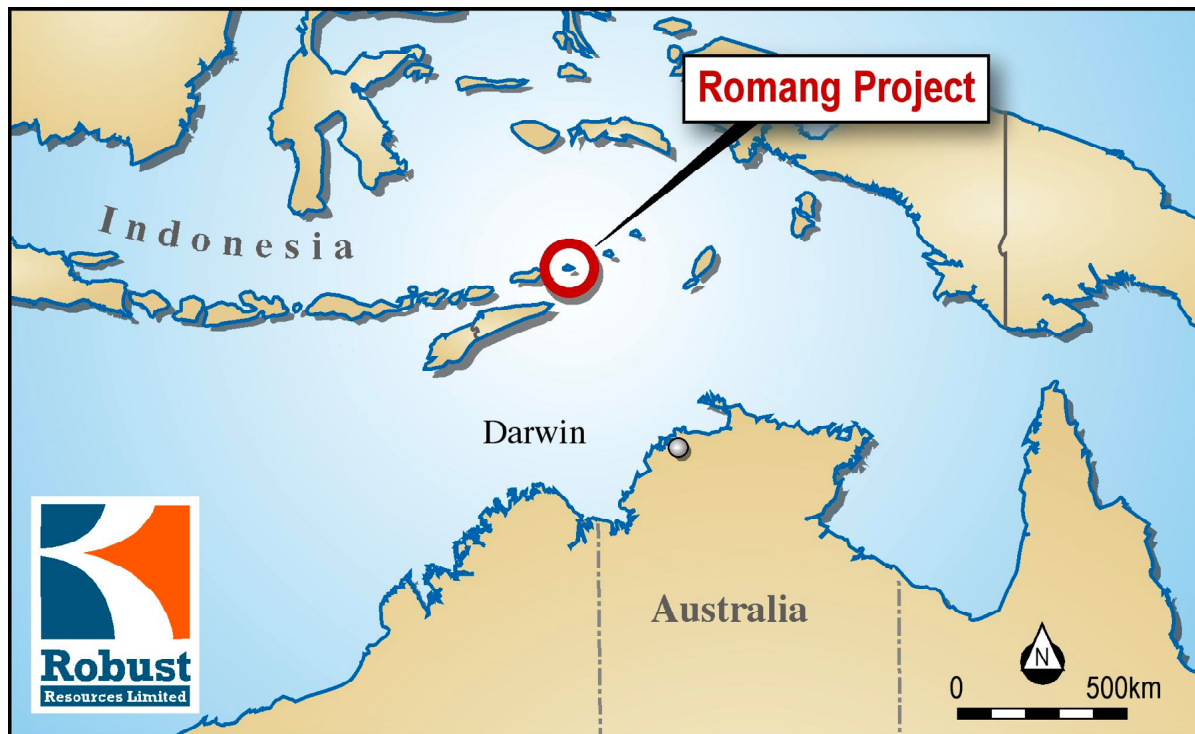


Figure 1: Location of Romang Island in Eastern Indonesia

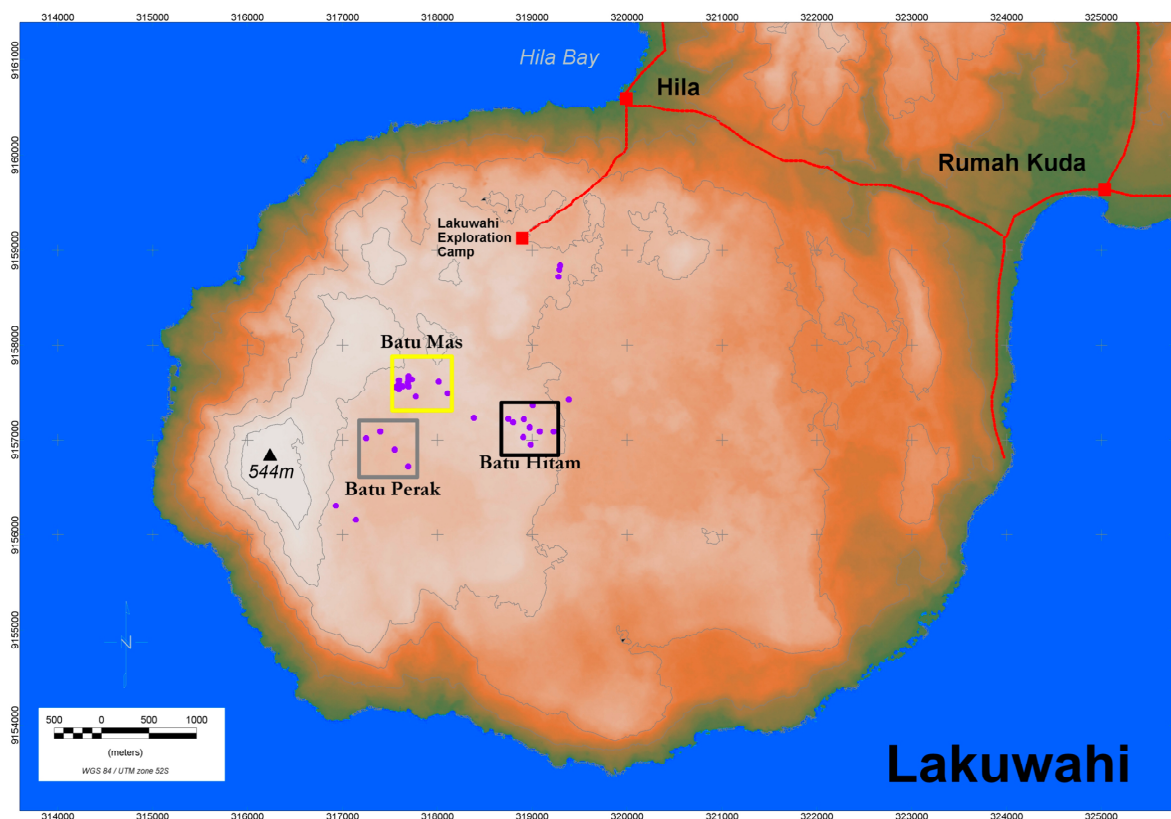


Figure 2: Lakuwahi Project with prospect locations

Drilling

Drilling at the Lakuwahi Project, located on the southern end of Romang Island, has continued during the reporting period. By the end of the quarter 9 holes and 866.9 metres of NQ diamond drilling had been completed. Hole LWD029 was abandoned due to ground conditions and will be re-drilled using HQ diamond drilling, all other holes reached the planned depth.

Table 1 below details the drilling carried out during the quarter.

Hole	Easting	Northing	RL GPS	Azimuth	Inclination	EOH	Start Date	Finish Date	Prospect
LWD029	318972.1	9157059.7	387.2	182	-60	21.40	06-Apr-09	14-Apr-09	Batu Hitam
LWD030	318936.2	9157140.3	389.2	178	-60	100.15	16-Apr-09	23-Apr-09	Batu Hitam
LWD031	319017.0	9157133.6	387.9	178	-60	102.25	25-Apr-09	06-May-09	Batu Hitam
LWD032	318981.1	9157222.7	372.0	178	-60	100.85	08-May-09	17-May-09	Batu Hitam
LWD033	318859.0	9157189.2	378.8	178	-60	101.85	19-May-09	26-May-09	Batu Hitam
LWD034	318857.8	9157150.3	373.2	178	-60	132.20	27-May-09	08-Jun-09	Batu Hitam
LWD035	318975.1	9157130.2	393.3	0	-90	60.25	09-Jun-09	13-Jun-09	Batu Hitam
LWD036	318855.9	9157110.6	368.7	178	-60	139.70	16-Jun-09	27-Jun-09	Batu Hitam
LWD037	318857.3	9157071.6	366.7	178	-60	108.25	30-Jun-09	08-Jul-09	Batu Hitam
Total						866.90			

NB : Datum is WGS84 Zone 52 / Azimuths are magnetic

Table 1: June Quarter Drilling on the Lakuwahi Project

Robust has two owner-operated NQ Core diamond drilling rigs on its Romang exploration program, a third rig to accelerate the program has now been constructed and is in the process of being shipped to the Island. This third rig will add to the flexibility of the exploration programme by being capable of drilling to depths of up to 500-550 metres using NQ diamond drilling.

Assays

Numerous significant results were received during the quarter from the diamond holes drilled in the highly prospective Lakuwahi Project area on Romang Island. Highlights of the results received during the quarter are reported in Table 2 below.

Hole	Easting	Northing	Azimuth	Inclination	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (%)
LWD026	318974.5	9157138.0	182	-60 inc.	0	72.25	72.25	1.05		NSI
					0	51	51	1.35	25	NSI
LWD027	318978.5	9157178.3	182	-60 inc. and and	0	50.3	50.3	1.08	66	NSI
					1	18.25	17.25	1.76		NSI
					2.2	13.2	11	2.10		NSI
					22.25	26.35	4.1		500	NSI
LWD028	318974.5	9157099.1	182	-60 inc. and	3	47.2	44.2	1.14	32	NSI
					3	32.2	29.2	1.46	21	NSI
					5.2	10.2	5	2.56	46	NSI
LWD029	318972.1	9157059.7	182	-60	11.5	19.7	8.2	0.66	39	0.01
LWD030	318936.2	9157140.3	178	-60	0	23.2	23.2	0.85	25	0.02
					27.2	31.2	4	0.28	10	1.11
LWD031	319017	9157133.6	178	-60	14.75	46.75	32	0.72	27	0.13
					73.75	75.75	2	0.27	98	1.10
					80.75	82.65	1.9	0.24	50	0.12
LWD032	318981.1	9157222.7	178	-60	1.5	26.4	24.9	0.55	18	0.15
					65.85	68.85	3	0.41	20	0.95

NB : Datum is WGS84 Zone 52 / Azimuths are magnetic

Table 2: Significant results reported during the June quarter

Hole LWD030 has intersected the first **significant copper mineralisation** reported from exploration at Batu Hitam to date.

Whilst too early to determine the full significance of the copper intersection in LWD 030, the directors believe that potential exists for substantial copper-gold mineralisation within the Lakuwahi Caldera due to similarities to the high-grade volcanogenic massive sulphide copper deposits currently being developed by Finders Resources (ASX:FND) on nearby Wetar Island.

Highlights of the significant copper mineralisation include:

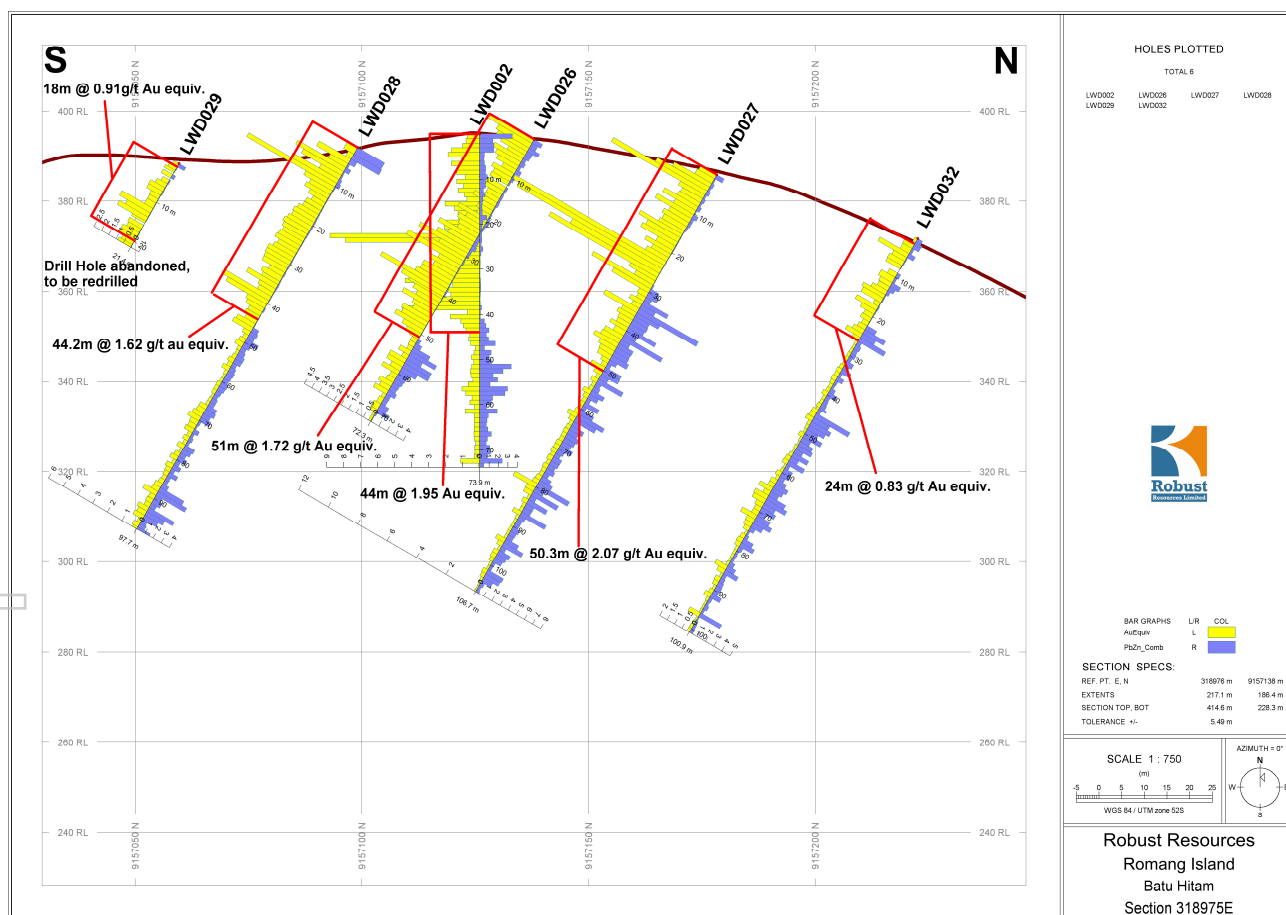
LWD 030	4m @ 1.11% Cu from 27.2m
LWD 031	2m @ 1.10% Cu from 73.75m
LWD 032	3m @ 0.95% Cu from 65.85m

Significant gold and silver mineralisation has also been intersected within numerous holes at the Batu Hitam Prospect with highlights such as LWD026, which intersected a 51m gold zone from surface. This zone has a gold grade of **1.35g/t** with a coincident silver grade of **25g/t**.

Highlights of the precious metal mineralisation at Batu Hitam to date include:

LWD 026	51m @ 1.35g/t² Au and 25g/t Ag (1.72g/t Au equivalent³)
LWD 027	50.3m @ 1.08g/t Au and 66g/t Ag (2.07g/t Au equivalent)
LWD 028	44.2m @ 1.14g/t Au and 3g/t Ag from 3m (1.62g/t Au equivalent)

These results extend the precious and base metal mineralisation seen in holes drilled both by Robust and previously by Billiton Indonesia.



² g/t = grams per metric tonne.

³ Au equivalent = Gold Equivalent Grade = Au grade + Ag grade x (Ag price / Au price). Gold and silver prices as at 22nd June 2009 London market (Au = USD \$924/oz and Ag = USD \$13.83/oz)

Figure 3: Drill Section 318975E showing Au equivalent values² (yellow) and combined Pb + Zn assays as a percentage (blue)

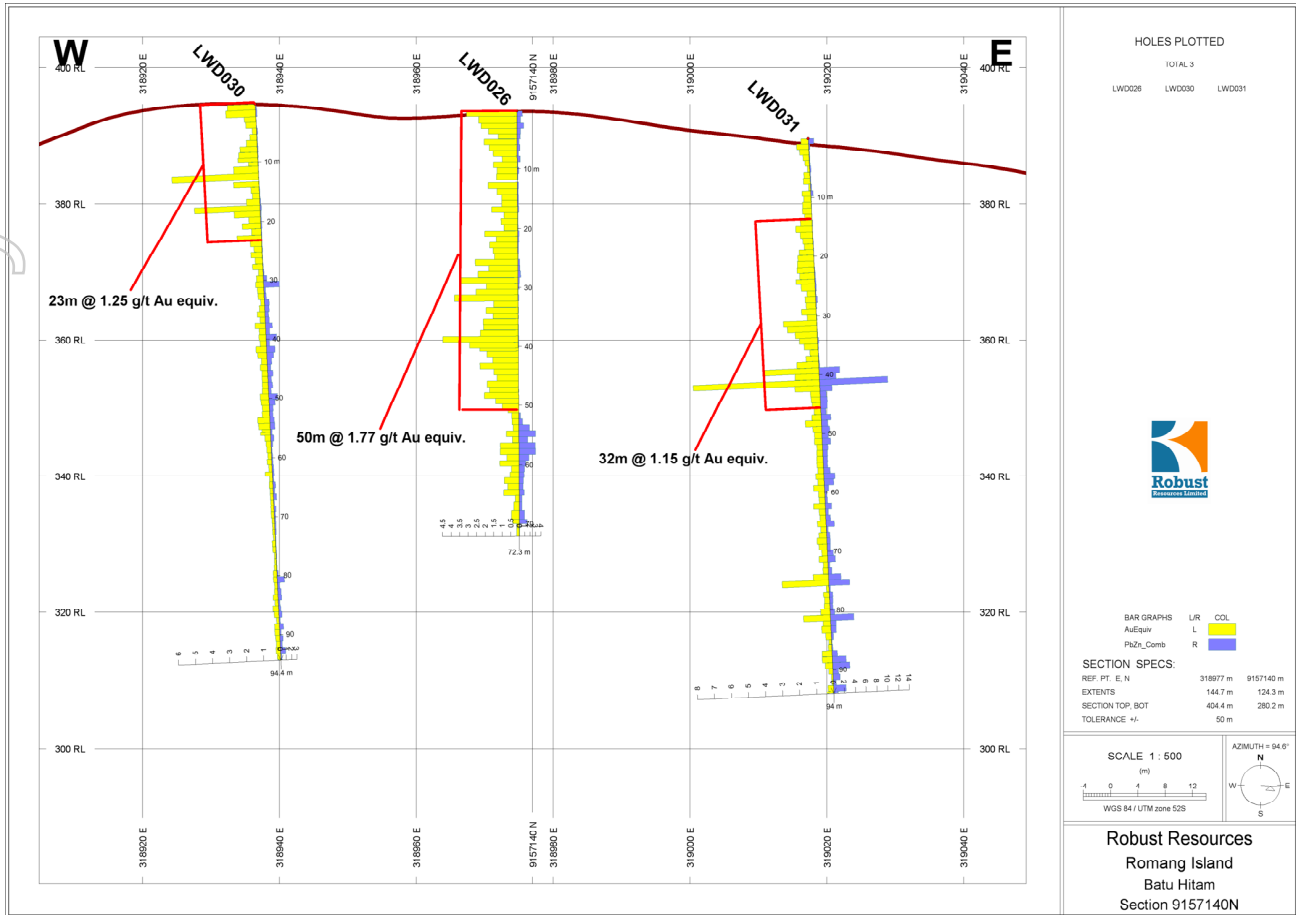


Figure 4: Drill Section 9157140N showing Au equivalent values (yellow) and combined Pb + Zn assays as a percentage (blue)

The current drilling by Robust has expanded the geological knowledge of the Batu Hitam prospect and demonstrates that mineralisation **remains open in all directions**.

Metallurgical Testwork

During the quarter, Robust also completed initial metallurgical testwork at the Batu Hitam and Batu Mas Prospects. The highlights of this testwork on 11 composite oxide samples were:

- **Average Gold recovery = 94%** (range 88%-98%)
- **Average Silver recovery = 95%** (range 90%-100%)

Details of the composite samples and metallurgical results are provided in Table 3 below.

Upper Zone Samples			Au						
Sample No.	Hole Number	From To (m)	Head Grade (g/t)	Bottle Roll Results (g/t)				Gold Recoveries	
			Composite	24 hours	36 hours	Tail	Au Total	24 hours	36 hours
LWD015-1	LWD015	0 - 42	1.39	1.37	1.39	0.05	1.44	95%	97%
LWD017-1	LWD017	24 - 49	2.31	2.22	2.26	0.06	2.32	96%	97%
LWD019-1	LWD019	44.9 - 66	0.53	0.46	0.48	0.06	0.54	85%	89%
LWD020-1	LWD020	17.95 - 51	1.45	1.42	1.44	0.05	1.49	95%	97%
LWD021-1	LWD021	27.35 - 56.85	0.84	0.80	0.81	0.05	0.86	93%	95%
LWD022-1	LWD022	33 - 40	1.01	0.98	0.99	0.02	1.01	97%	98%
LWD023-1	LWD023	20.5 - 32.4	0.47	0.45	0.46	0.03	0.49	91%	93%
LWD024-1	LWD024	21.75 - 45.75	0.92	0.86	0.88	0.06	0.94	92%	94%
LWD026-1	LWD026	0 - 49.75	1.39	1.26	1.29	0.09	1.38	91%	94%
LWD027-1	LWD027	0 - 45.25	1.15	1.11	1.12	0.15	1.27	87%	88%
LWD028-1	LWD028	3 - 47.2	1.14	1.12	1.13	0.10	1.23	91%	92%
							Average	92%	94%
Base Metal Sulphide Sample									
LWD025-1	LWD025	86.7 - 94.4	0.73	0.40	0.44	0.34	0.78	51%	56%

Upper Zone Samples			Ag						
Sample No.	Hole Number	From To (m)	Head Grade (g/t)	Bottle Roll Results (g/t)				Silver Recoveries	
			Composite	24 hours	36 hours	Tail	Ag Total	24 Hr	36 Hr
LWD015-1	LWD015	0 - 42	103	96	96	3	99	97%	97%
LWD017-1	LWD017	24 - 49	48	29	30	1	31	93%	97%
LWD019-1	LWD019	44.9 - 66	10	9	9	1	10	88%	90%
LWD020-1	LWD020	17.95 - 51	111	101	105	2	107	94%	98%
LWD021-1	LWD021	27.35 - 56.85	53	50	52	4	56	88%	93%
LWD022-1	LWD022	33 - 40	21	20	21	0	21	98%	100%
LWD023-1	LWD023	20.5 - 32.4	43	39	42	2	44	89%	95%
LWD024-1	LWD024	21.75 - 45.75	97	83	84	9	93	89%	90%
LWD026-1	LWD026	0 - 49.75	25	21	22	1	23	92%	96%
LWD027-1	LWD027	0 - 45.25	72	61	62	5	67	91%	93%
LWD028-1	LWD028	3 - 47.2	31	26	28	2	30	87%	93%
							Average	91%	95%
Base Metal Sulphide Sample									
LWD025-1	LWD025	86.7 - 94.4	45	8	9	33	42	20%	21%

Table 3: Detailed Results of Lakuwahi Metallurgical Testwork

These metallurgical tests are the first in a series of tests of increasing sophistication that will ultimately lead to the selection of the optimum process flow sheet for the Lakuwahi ore. The results are positive in that they clearly indicate that the near-surface Lakuwahi ore is free milling and that it will not require expensive treatment options such as a floatation and pressure oxidation process. It should be noted that the ores treated at Billiton's gold mines on nearby Wetar Island (Kali Kuning and Lerokis - now mined out) were also free milling and achieved very high gold and silver recoveries with a very simple and relatively inexpensive plant.

Based on the Lakuwahi results there is reason to expect that treatment of Lakuwahi ores will be low-cost, allowing the profitable mining and treatment of low grades.

The exploration program has also progressed to a new phase with the completion of a pilot hole at Batu Hitam to guide excavation of a bulk-sampling shaft. The bulk sample from this shaft will be used

for grade confirmation, metallurgical testwork and density measurements. Collaring of the shaft and excavation has already commenced.

Geophysics

Previously reported 3D modelling of the airborne magnetic has confirmed the existence of a large zone of low magnetic susceptibility which is interpreted to be due to a large (6km x 4km) magnetite-destructive hydrothermal alteration system. Much of this system is preserved beneath post-mineral reef limestone. As can be seen in Figure 6 below, drilling has tested only a very small part (<0.2%) of the target system.

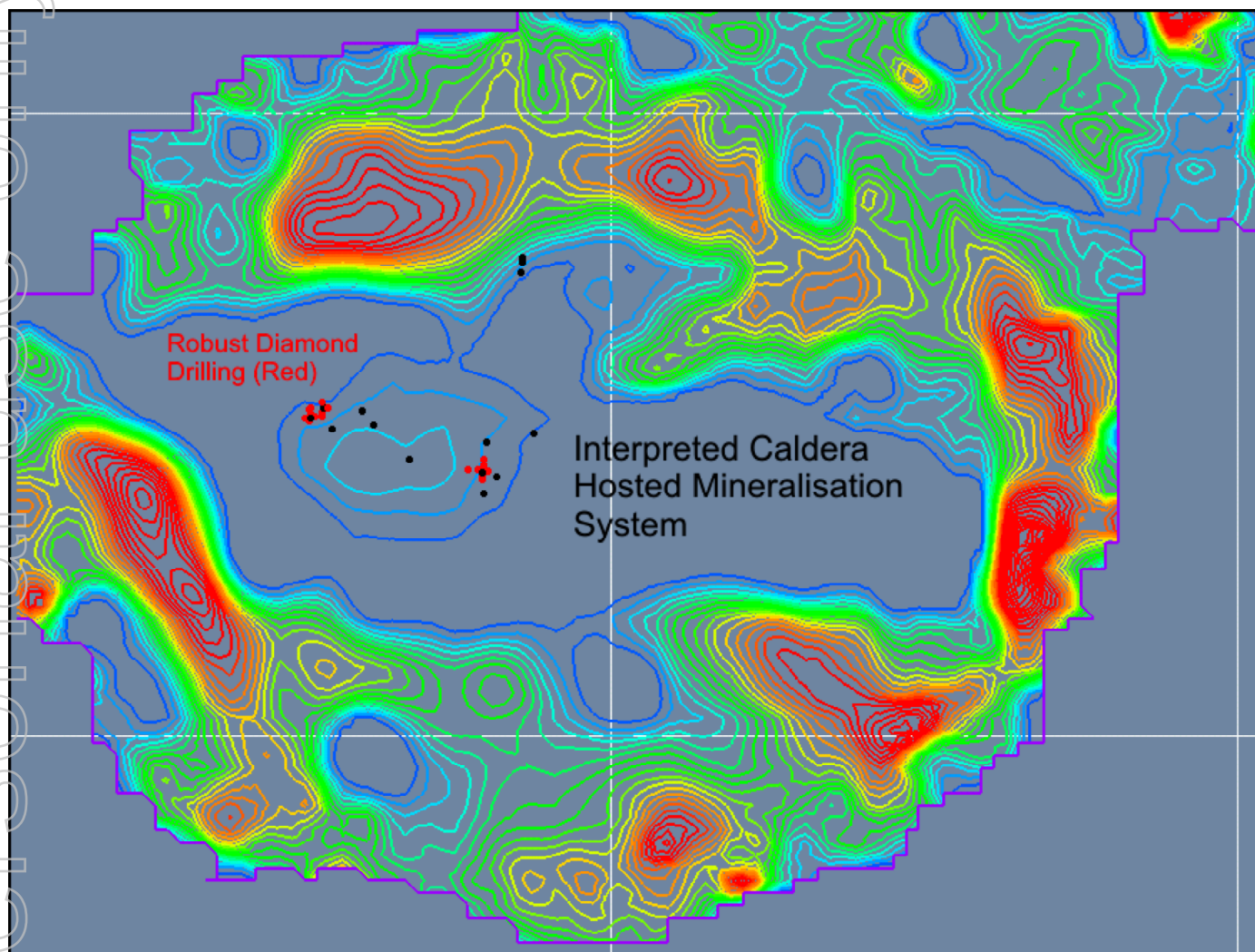


Figure 6: Contours of magnetic susceptibility from 3D modelling showing the large 13km² alteration system within the Lakuwahi Caldera. Billiton drilling (in black) and Robust drilling (in red) has tested less than 0.2% of this system

Robust has now completed 20 diamond drill holes and **1,732.55 metres** of drilling in the Batu Mas and Batu Hitam prospects of the Lakuwahi Project since the current drilling program began on 08 November 2008, exceeding the drilling target of 1,500 metres to the end of June. All 18 holes from which assay results have been received have identified precious and base metal mineralisation and in all 18 holes the mineralisation is open in all directions and at depth.

To put the current exploration program in perspective, only a very small proportion of the prospective Lakuwahi Caldera has been drilled. Interpretation of the remodelled magnetic survey data indicates a mineralising system approximately 13 km² in extent. Robust's drilling to date has only tested less than 0.02 km² or less than 0.2% of the system. In addition to systematic follow up of the positive drilling results obtained to date, Robust is planning an extensive geophysical programme including 3D induced polarisation (IP) to help refine additional targets within the Caldera.

Logistics

Email communications systems have been established on Romang Island along with all logistical and accommodation requirements to support the drilling program. Currently Robust is seeking to purchase a suitable boat to assist movement of supplies and personnel around Romang Island as well as facilitating movement of personnel to and from the Island.

NSW TENEMENTS

On 11 February 2009, Robust signed a Joint Venture Agreement with Ausmon Resources Limited (Ausmon) for the Farm Out of an 85% interest in ELs 6413 (Pooraka), EL 6415 (Tindarey) and EL 6416 (Mt Barrow) near Cobar, and EL 6417 (Cumnock), near Orange. The deal excludes Bauloora (EL 6414) near Cootamundra, which is 100% owned by Robust. Under the agreement Ausmon will spend \$250,000 pa for 3 years ending May 16th 2011, with the right to withdraw after 2 years. This includes the tenement year to May 16th 2009 – funds now spent. Robust is Operator of the Joint Venture, with an Operating Committee comprising two members from each company. Robust retains a 15% free carried interest in each tenement until Ausmon earns its 85% interest, with subsequent evaluation/development expenditure shared on a pro rata basis.

COBAR TENEMENTS

(Pooraka EL 6413, Tindarey EL 6415, Mt Barrow EL 6416)

A program of intensive fieldwork was undertaken on the above 3 Cobar ELs during March 2009. Targets consisted of earlier delineated geochemical, geophysical and geological hot spots requiring shallow bedrock sampling by air core drilling. In all 435 holes were drilled (Tindarey EL-78, Mt Barrow EL-139, Pooraka EL-218 – for a total of 2094m- average depth 4.8m). An additional 40 rock chip samples were collected, mainly from the Golconda and Mt Merrere gold diggings on Tindarey EL (26 samples) plus several anomalous spots on Pooraka EL (8 samples). Samples were analysed for Au, Ag, As, Sb, Cu, Pb, and Zn, with results contoured onto plans.

On **Pooraka EL 6413** nine 150 to 200m long EW lines were run across about 700m of strike near Chert Ridge, in the northern part. Bedrock Au values were slightly anomalous (2 to 5 times background – 2 ppb) in patches with other elements forming broad anomalies with local spikes. Although clearly a mineralised area no strong (drillable) anomaly targets were detected. Two test lines were also run in the southern segment of the EL to test an earlier detected one-station bedrock Au anomaly, beneath alluvium, at Langbein West. The shorter (southern) line detected *strongly anomalous bedrock Au values (12 to 50 times background of about 2 ppb) over a 150m wide zone*. A lesser bedrock gold anomaly (3 to 4 times background - 45m wide) was also detected on the next line about 150m from a strong three-station Pb spike showing up to 1005 ppm. *Two or three RC percussion holes are planned to test these anomalies in October or November 2009.*

On **Mt Barrow EL 6416** nine lines of bedrock samples were collected across 3 patches of black ferruginous (gossanous) float and sub crop in the Glengarry area, proximal to the Glengarry eruption centre. The eruption centre contains very coarse-grained acid pyroclastic rocks, which, with distance (in the anomalous areas) become finer grained and associated tuffs and lesser shales. The areas – designated Areas 1 to 3, exhibited extensive anomalism. Area 1 (63 samples covering about 8 ha) was traversed by 2 long and 2 short lines. 16 of the samples were quite anomalous in Au (3 to 10 times background of 4 to 5 ppb). Area 2 (59 samples covering about 6 ha) was traversed by 4 EW 100 to 200+m lines. 21 samples were noted to be *strongly Au anomalous (up to 40 times background of 4 to 5 ppb)*. Area 3 (19 samples, 3 ha) was covered by one line yielding 7 Au anomalous samples (3 to 7 times background). *Two RC percussion holes are planned in October or November 2009 to test the main anomaly in Area 2.*

On **Tindarey EL 6415** five 50 to 75m long lines of air core holes were run across about 500m of strike in the northern part of the Mt Merrere Gold Field and three 75 to 150m lines were run across about 500m of strike in the southern part. In all 78 bedrock samples were collected, plus an additional 20 rock chip samples from surface outcrops. *These revealed strongly Au anomalous zones*

(5 to 50 times background of 2 ppb) in 25 to 75m wide patches around historical diggings. About 5 or 6 RC percussion holes are planned to test anomalies in the northern part.

On **Cumnock EL 6417** an extensive (10 sq km, 850 sample) programme of soil sampling was undertaken on the southern (Gumble) segment of the EL. This was designed to cover skarn prospective granite/ country rock contacts and/or possible extensions to the earlier drilled (Robust-2007) Delaney's Dyke Zn-Ag-Cu-Au mineralisation. Orientation sampling was initially undertaken to maximise anomaly detection. This work detected 12 significant Cu and/or Au anomalies requiring follow-up work (in fill sampling, prospecting/rock-chip sampling, possible bedrock probing) to be undertaken over the next two quarters.

In the northern (Mt Catombal) segment of the EL a similar extensive soil sampling (369 samples) programme was undertaken to test 3 zones of the Cuga Burga Volcanics, considered to be prospective for epithermal copper-gold deposits associated with hydrothermal (epidote-silica-calcite-chlorite) alteration. One large and several smaller gold-copper-arsenic anomalies were detected, requiring follow up work which will include infill and extension sampling, as well as geological and alteration mapping, will be undertaken over the next one or two quarters.

The above recent work has considerably increased the prospectivity of Cumnock EL 6417, and follow up work will almost certainly produce excellent targets for RC percussion drilling to be undertaken late in the current tenement year, or early in the next tenement year.

Bauloora EL 6414 (100% Robust)

The historical Bauloora Pb-Zn-Ag-Au Mine (drilled by Robust in 2007) is located near the edge of a large epithermal alteration zone, which also contains other patches of veins with low sulphide-gold-silver mineralisation. These are noted at Mee Mar, Bauloora East, and Gravel Scrapes. In April 2009 these veins were mapped, prospected and rock chip sampled by PG Moeskops and MJ Rangott. Eighteen samples were submitted for multi element analysis, and 4 samples (from Mee Mar) for petrographic examination- emphasis alteration, textures, and mineralisation. Most samples showed high Au and Ag values-up to 1 and 16 ppm respectively. This plus geological, chemical, and textural evidence led to the following deductions.

At the Mee Mar prospect, there are indications of a number of strike-extensive vein systems (which may extend discontinuously over 1.5-2.0 kilometres of strike, but at least 900 metres continuously), which have historically been rock chip sampled at broad separation, but never tested by drilling. As a result of recent rock chip sampling and geological inspection, and evaluation of reference specimens of the vein material, it is considered that the geochemical, quartz textural and petrographic evidence indicates that *the Mee Mar veins represent the stratigraphically higher precious metal zone of a low-sulphidation system.*

The scarcity of base metal sulphides (subdued levels of Cu, Pb, Zn), the abundance and crystal form of adularia in the veins, and the forms of silica vein material and textures, all indicate that the Mee Mar veins cover from the boiling level through the Crustiform-Colloform Superzone to the lower levels of the Chalcedonic Superzone (i.e. of Buchanan's Precious Metals Interval). As well as vertical and longitudinal zonation of these textural/depositional types, there has probably been telescoping of various types at particular locations, as the hydrothermal system waxed and waned.

The conclusion is that the Mee Mar, and possibly the other veins present a very good exploration target for the discovery of precious metal mineralisation at shallow depth (100-300 metres). In addition, at this early stage of delineation, they appear to be a larger system than is present in the Bauloora Mine Area. At this stage, the longitudinal extents and lateral development of the vein system are poorly known, providing further potential for the discovery of discrete, steeply-plunging high-grade precious metal shoots within the system.

Recent work has upgraded Bauloora EL 6414, which now has gold/silver as well as base metal veins as potential drilling targets. The extent of the gold bearing veins needs to be more precisely outlined by a limited programme of soil and rock chip sampling, to be undertaken shortly.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR EXPLORATION RESULTS STATEMENTS

The information in this announcement that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on complied by Warrick Clent BSc, who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and who has more than ten years experience in the field of activity being reported on. Mr Clent is a full time employee of the Company. Mr Clent has sufficient experience, which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity, which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Clent consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

CORPORATE

Cash and Funding Position

At the end of June 2009, Robust had \$1,740,387 in cash and receivables and no debt. The Company considers that it is fully funded to complete the current exploration projects on all tenements.

On 01 June 2009 the Directors announced the **placement of 7.24 million shares at 35 cents per share to Talbot Group Investments to raise \$2,534,114**. This money was subsequently received into the Company's bank account on 06 July 2009. With the inclusion of this new funding, the Company's cash and receivables balance, as at 06 July 2009 was **\$4,274,501**.

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Board of Directors

Ian Finch	Chairman
Gary Lewis	Managing Director
Shane Sadleir	Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary

Ian Mitchell

Issued Share Capital

Robust Resources has 41.4 million ordinary shares currently on issue.

Quarterly Share Price Activity

	High	Low	Last
Mar 2007	\$0.26	\$0.16	\$0.25
Jun 2007	\$0.35	\$0.185	\$0.21
Sep 2007	\$0.20	\$0.115	\$0.19
Dec 2007	\$0.21	\$0.135	\$0.175
Mar 2008	\$0.215	\$0.15	\$0.20
Jun 2008	\$0.25	\$0.16	\$0.24
Sep 2008	\$0.24	\$0.15	\$0.18
Dec 2008	\$0.20	\$0.10	\$0.10
Mar 2009	\$0.34	\$0.125	\$0.285
Jun 2009	\$0.805	\$0.275	\$0.675

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