Taldybulak Deposit Mineral Resources Statement (SAMREC 2007) taken from Gold Fields Limited's published Technical Short Form Report for its Exploration and Growth projects as at 31 December 2012

Classification	Quantity (Mt)	Au (g/t)	Au (Moz)	Cu (%)	Cu (Mlb)	Mo (%)	Mo (Mlb)
Indicated	116.5	0.6	2.3	0.19	488	0.01	26
Inferred	336.2	0.4	4.5	0.16	1178	0.01	79

Notes:

1. These Mineral Resources are reported in accordance with the South African Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources, and Mineral Reserves, 2007 Edition (SAMREC Code). Confidence classification (in accordance with the SAMREC Code) assumes annual production-scale, bulk open pit mining scenario evaluation.
2. The Mineral Resource estimate is taken from Gold Fields Limited's published Technical Short Form Report for its Exploration and Growth projects as at 31 December 2012, and was not prepared specifically for this announcement.
3. These Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves.
4. These Mineral Resources are reported without dilution and ore loss.
5. The Mineral Resources are constrained within an optimized open pit shell using scoping study parameters including mining, processing, and administration cost estimates; mining parameters; and process recoveries for copper and gold.
6. Commodity prices used in the open pit optimisation study were USD 3.90/lb. copper, USD 1,650/oz gold and USD 15.50/lb molybdenum.
7. The Mineral Resource is reported for material within open pit shells having positive value per mining parcel after process recovery and costs for processing, refining, and overhead have been applied (a parcel being the smallest mineable unit of 1,000 m^3). No contribution is accredited to molybdenum for the open pit and value calculations.
8. Attributable metal to Robust is 100%.
9. Taldybulak Mineral Resource is published on the Gold Fields website: http://www.goldfields.co.za/reports/annual_report_2012/minerals/pdf/exploration.pdf
10. Mr Alex Trueman, P.Geo., MAusIMM CP(Geo) supervised the Taldybulak Mineral Resource estimate for Gold Fields as part of Gold Fields' 31 December 2012 public reporting. The Mineral Resource estimate was not prepared for or on behalf of Robust. Mr Trueman qualifies as a Competent Person as defined by the SAMREC and SAMVAL Codes, having at least five years of experience relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit described in the Gold Fields estimate. Mr Trueman consents to the inclusion of parts of the Gold Fields Mineral Resource estimate for Taldybulak in this announcement on the basis the estimate has previously been published and is in the public domain. Mr Trueman is an employee of the Gold Fields Ltd group, and is not an employee of Robust or a consultant to Robust, and for the avoidance of doubt has not reviewed or considered the Taldybulak Mineral Resource estimate, nor updated the estimate, for or on behalf of Robust.

Additional notes in compliance with ASX listing rules

5.12.1

The Mineral Resource was prepared by Gold Fields Limited and published Technical Short Form Report for its Exploration and Growth projects as at 31 December 2012 (http://www.goldfields.co.za/reports/annual_report_2012/minerals/pdf/exploration.pdf) and was not prepared specifically for the Robust announcement of 16 December 2013.

5.12.2

The Foreign Estimate uses categories identical to those used by JORC.

5.12.3

The resource estimate is relevant and material to Robust as, when the deal is completed, the Talas project will represent the majority of copper and gold resources under the control of Robust and also represents a considerable destination for corporate exploration and development funds.

5.12.4

The resource estimate was made by a large multinational mining company (Goldfields Limited) to meet or exceed mining industry standards and best practice. The Resource Estimate was carried out and reported in accordance with the South African Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources, and Mineral Reserves, 2007 Edition (SAMREC Code). Confidence classification (in accordance with the SAMREC Code) assumes annual production-scale, bulk open pit mining scenario evaluation. the SAMREC (2007) code, administered by the South African Mineral Codes organisation (SAMCODE) which is, in common with the JORC, a National Reporting Organisation member of the overarching Committee for Mineral Reserves International Reporting Standards (CRIRSCO). The international oversight and coordination of CRIRSCO is clearly recognised in the Forward of the JORC Code 2012 edition. For these reasons Robust is of the opinion that the reliability of the foreign resource is equivalent in reliability to a resource estimate conducted in accordance with the JORC Code (2012) meets all the criteria under listed in Table 1 of the Appendix 5A (JORC Code, 2102 edition).

5.12.5

The Talas project has had a long history of exploration which is summarised in the table below:

Exploration activity	Units	Soviet 1970-80	Ala Too 1996-97	ORSU 2005-07	TCG 2008-12	TCG 2012-13
Mapping/traversing	km	none	none	263	45	29.7
Trenches	m^3	12,540	none	4018	2648	308
Road cuts	m^3	none	none	10996	4000	0
Drillhole	m	5,273	1,326 (RC)	9220	22645	7901
Geophysics	km	none	none	86.7	67	none
Outcrop sampling	count	4,142	500	4896	231	81
Chip/channel sampling	count	1,089	none	1894	1964	none
Core sampling	count	3,428	1,200	7806	18772	3273
Soil sampling	count	3,475	none	256	none	none

The key assumption pertaining to the resource estimate are an annual production-scale, bulk open pit mining scenario evaluation. No dilution and ore loss. The Mineral Resources are constrained within an optimized open pit shell using scoping study parameters including mining, processing, and administration cost estimates; mining parameters; and process recoveries for copper and gold. Commodity prices used in the open pit optimisation study were USD 3.90/lb. copper, USD 1,650/oz gold and USD 15.50/lb molybdenum. The Mineral Resource is reported for material within open pit shells having positive value per mining parcel after process recovery and costs for processing, refining, and overhead have been applied (a parcel being the smallest mineable unit of 1,000 m^3). No contribution is accredited to molybdenum for the open pit and value calculations.

5.12.6

No more recent information or estimates are available.

5.12.7

Once the purchase has been finalised, Robust will take possession of all the detailed information and procedures and will be in a position to compile and report on this information as set out in Appendix 5A (JORC Code).

5.12.8

On completion of the purchase Robust intends to compile and assess the large amount historical data and remodel the data to focus on higher grade gold and copper domains. This work is planned to be completed within 6 months end Q2CY2014. Depending on the outcome of the remodelling additional drilling may be needed which will be carried out during the northern hemisphere summer field season. Funding for this work will come from existing funds and the proceeds of a rights issue planned for Q1CY2014.

5.12.9

Cautionary Statement:

The Mineral Resource Estimate was carried out by a major international mining company and reported in accordance with the South African Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources, and Mineral Reserves, 2007 Edition (SAMREC Code) which is a sister code to the JORC Code, 2012 edition, and is administered by the South African Mineral Codes organisation (SAMCODE) which is, in common with the JORC, a National Reporting Organisation member of the overarching Committee for Mineral Reserves International Reporting Standards (CRIRSCO), however, the Taldybulak resource estimate is not reported in accordance with the JORC code. A competent person has not done sufficient work to classify the Taldybulak deposit as mineral resources in accordance with the JORC Code and it is uncertain that following evaluation and/or further exploration work that the Taldybulak deposit will be able to be reported as mineral resources in accordance with the JORC Code.

5.12.10

John Levings BSc, who is a Fellow of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and who has more than ten years' experience in the field of activity being reported on. Mr Levings is a director of the Company. Mr Levings has sufficient experience, which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity, which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves' declares that the information in the market announcement provided under rules 5.12.2 to 5.12.7 is an accurate representation of the available data and studies for the Talas project including the Taldybulak deposit.